The New Koine Greek Textbook Volume II & III

Greek Lexicon with Greek Concordance

Coded to the Strong's Numbering System For use with or without the Modern Literal Version N.T. (2-1-2016)

Presented to:	
By:	

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To God is the glory forever.

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Preface of the Koine Greek Textbook Volume 1-4

This is very much a work in progress. The goal is to have an Open Source Greek series of books that can be purchased for less than \$50 but yet be all that is needed for the serious Bible or Koine Greek Student. In the software world we would call this 'beta.' This would include the Modern Literal Version N.T., an English concordance of it with links to the underlying Greek words from the English words. A Greek Lexicon (Dictionary), a Greek concordance based off of the Byzantine Majority Text and lastly an analytical Greek Lexicon. We would like to also produce a 5th book and attach it later to the Koine Textbook, a Greek Interlinear for Greek Students.

The Koine Greek Textbook Volume 1-4 (with a partial rough alpha version of "The Analytical Greek Lexicon") is also available online within the "Modern Literal Version Dictionary + Greek" an e-Sword module available at: http://www.biblesupport.com/e-sword-downloads/file/10090-modern-literal-version-2016-greek/
Installation directions are also on that page and the link to the Modern Literal Version N.T. in e-Sword format.

Volume One, the English concordance, contains about 6000 of the English words of the Modern Literal Version N.T. currently up to the 2016 version. Words not listed are: a, an, also, and, be, been, being, had, has, have, having, he, her, him, himself, his, I, is, it, its, me, mine, my, of, our, she, that, the, their, theirs, them, they, to, was, we, were, which, who, whom, you, and your. There are too many to list, or we felt that in a word study, they would be a complete waste of time. Each English word has the reference to the Greek word that underlines that English word when possible.

Volume Two (and Three) is a Greek Lexicon with a Greek Concordance of the Byzantine Majority Text. First, it is a complete replacement for the Strong's Greek Dictionary. Secondly, it was created so anyone, anywhere could check out the work done on the 'Open Source' Modern Literal Version N.T. and help us to create an error-free translation that has been needed for 600 years in English. Thirdly, it was made to give people the ability to do the ultimate word studies.

The Greek Lexicon contained within, is a total revision of the Strong's numbering system to include wording from the minority texts, the majority texts and even wording Strong, himself, omitted by accident from the Textus Receptus; from 5523 up to now 5712 entries. This is the only fix to the etymology of Strong's, (with over 500 corrections), that we know to exist. Considering it was the mid 1800s James Strong, did well, but the work is pitiful by today's knowledge base (we kept the only parts of Strong's worth keeping). Like the MLV as a whole, the MLV Greek Lexicon (part of the New Koine Greek Textbook Volume 1-4) is unique in its concept. Lexicons before this one, looked at how the Greek words were used over the expanse of the language from Classical to Koine Greek (if they even knew Koine was a separate language not discovered until the late 1800's; Strong never knew this fact). (The Public Domain Thayer's is abbreviated, so Christians will not know which definition is Koine.) James Strong also made this same sort of mistake by trying to find more of the etymology of the word and not how it was used in the N.T. Another common idea in lexicons is to see how Koine Greek words were used by Christians. This lexicon used a different approach, it was created at the same time as the MLV and aims to show what is the best English word from our choice of over 550,000 English words to render uniformly the 5401 Greek words of the N.T. This was created by the people who have actually worked on a published Bible translation unlike the other lexicons (Thayer's is debatable).

Volume 4, The Analytical Lexicon, (not finished) is the listings of actual Greek words that are in the two most common Textus Receptus compilations, minority texts and majority texts adapted to Robinson's Morphological Analysis Codes of each word and a very literal translation of each word.

This all needs a good proofreading and we welcome the help! MLVbible (at) gmail (dot) com

The Editors

Notes & Usage

6000+ English words from the Modern Literal Version are listed here. Words not listed are: a, an, also, and, be, been, being, had, has, have, having, he, her, him, himself, his, I, is, it, its, me, mine, my, of, our, she, that, their, theirs, them, they, to, was, we, were, which, who, whom, you, your. (Sorry, if we missed any.)

Abbreviations for the Greek Sections:

These abbreviations will take some time to commit to memory, but it is helpful to know them.

G#### (capital G followed by 1-4 numbers) This is the Strong's Greek Reference Number which can be used with Volume 2 and other reference sources available in book form, or via the web.

- * (asterisk) is the universal footnoting used in the Modern Literal Version Bible. Words like "for," "*for" and "for*" should be considered as three different English words. There are about 120 such words in the MLV, listed in the Definitions sections of the Modern Literal Version.
- * (asterisk) separated from the word, means this English word is ONLY used for one single Greek word. Example:... for* *, or obey *.
- ^ means this English word is translated uniformly from related Greek words (a base word and some or all of its compounds).
- ^^ means the English word is translated uniformly from related Greek words that are related by a common synonym.
- \sim (tilde) denotes the roughly 200 English words that are not able to be rendered uniformly in the Modern Literal Version. Words that do not have any marks at all also fit into this category. They could also be simply helper words needed to expand meanings and render verb tenses more in line with English syntax.
- ' or " (single or double quotes) are added with a "^" (caret) and a "~" (tilde) symbol which is easier to explain this way. $^{\sim}$ means all the words with these symbols are related but the English word is still used for other Greek word(s). $^{\sim}$ has exactly the same meaning as the words with the $^{\sim}$, but they are not related to them.

----- indicates a rough separation of word groups. (Used in the Lexicon, Koine Greek Textbook Volume II).

A list of these words is in the "Wording Statistics" section in some of the MLV book forms and on the web site:

http://www.ModernLiteralVersion.org

http://www.MLVbible.org (.com, .net, .info)

Mirror site in case of bandwidth issues is: http://www.ChristianLibrary.org/greek-ref (special thanks to ISCnetwork.com for the mirror and all the computer work).

A α G1 Alpha al-fah (A a)

÷ **G1** α, ἄλφα al'-fah Part of Speech: {N-LI} MLV/Definition: A> Alpha*, [3] B> 1, [0]; Supplement: (First Greek Alphabet letter.) Etymology: {Heb?} All Compounds: mostly in G4-G895 Greek Concordance: [3] Rev 1:8, Rev 21:6, Rev 22:13, KJV: Alpha 4 TR: 4 TDNT: 1:1,*

- \div G1a α , αv al'-fah Part of Speech: {prefix} MLV/Definition: [A> in the front of compounds, (an, with vowels) used as a negative or contradiction; (un-, mis-, dis-, not) B> adds intensity; C> shows community or fellowship; D> both A & B as in 0455;] Supplement: -- Etymology: {contraction of G427 or G260} Greek Concordance: [0] [A PREFIX] KJV: TR: 0
- ÷ **G2** Ἀαρών ah-ar-ohn' Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Aaron* Supplement: (Aaron (enlightened), Heb 7:11. The brother of Moses, from the tribe of Levi, first high priest of the Israelites. It is from his lineage that all other Old Testament priests were to come.) Etymology: {H175} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [5] Luk 1:5, Act 7:40, Heb 5:4, Heb 7:11, Heb 9:4, KJV: Aaron 5 TR: 5 TDNT: 1:3,1
- ÷ **G3** Ἀβαδδών ab-ad-dohn' Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Abaddon* Supplement: (A word meaning 'destruction' or 'destroyer.' The Hebrew equivalent of 'Apollyon.' See Job 26:6; Job 28:22, Pro 15:11.) Etymology: {H11} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [1] Rev 9:11, KJV: Abaddon 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:4,1
- \div G4 ἀβαρής ab-ar-ace' Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: [FIG]: not burdensome^ Supplement: (LIT: light as in not heavy) Etymology: {G1 + G922 Ant} Greek Concordance: [1] 2Co 11:9, KJV: not burdensome 1 TR: 1
- ÷ **G5** Άββα ab-bah' Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Abba* Supplement: (A Chaldean word meaning 'Father.' This word was commonly used in prayers to address God. On a personal note: daddy.) Etymology: {Chaldee origin; H2} Greek Concordance: [3] Mar 14:36, Rom 8:15, Gal 4:6, KJV: Abba 3 TR: 3 TDNT: 1:5,1
- ÷ **G6** Ἄβελ ab'-el Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Abel* Supplement: (A-bel (breath, transitoriness), 1Jn 3:11-12. Second son of Adam; murdered by his brother. Cain, because God accepted Abel's sacrifice, not Cain's.) Etymology: {H1893} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [4] Mat 23:35, Luk 11:51, Heb 11:4, Heb 12:24, KJV: Abel 4 TR: 4 TDNT: *,2
- ÷ **G7** Άβιά ab-ee-ah' Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Abijah* Supplement: (Son of Rehoboam; Jesus' ancestor.) ((my father is Jah (Jehovah)) Etymology: {H29} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [3] Mat 1:7, Mat 1:7, Luk 1:5, KJV: Abia 3 TR: 3
- ÷ **G8** Ἀβιαθάρ ab-ee-ath'-ar Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Abiathar* Supplement: (Priest at Nob.) (father of abundance) Etymology: {H54} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [1] Mar 2:26, KJV: Abiathar 1 TR: 1
- ÷ **G9** Άβιληνή ab-ee-lay-nay' Part of Speech: {N-NSF-Loc} MLV/Definition: Abilene* Supplement: (Northwest of Damascus; a territory around the city of Abila.) (grassy meadow) Etymology: {foreign} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [1] Luk 3:1, KJV: Abilene 1 TR: 1
- ÷ **G10** Ἀβιούδ ab-ee-ood' Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Abiud* Supplement: (In Jesus' genealogy.)(my father is majesty) Etymology: {H31} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [2] Mat 1:13, Mat 1:13, KJV: Abiud 2 TR: 2
- ÷ **G11** Åβραάμ ab-rah-am' Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Abraham* Supplement: (A-bra-ham (father of a multitude), Gal 3:8. Founder of the Hebrew people, and father of the faithful. Gen. chapters 11-50.) Etymology: {H85} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [73] Mat 1:1, Mat 1:2, Mat 1:17, Mat 3:9, Mat 3:9, Mat 8:11, Mat 22:32, Mar 12:26, Luk 1:55, Luk 1:73, Luk 3:8, Luk 3:8, Luk 3:34, Luk 13:16, Luk 13:28, Luk 16:22, Luk 16:23, Luk 16:24, Luk 16:25, Luk 16:29, Luk 16:30, Luk 19:9, Luk 20:37, Joh 8:33, Joh 8:37, Joh 8:39, Joh 8:39, Joh 8:39, Joh 8:40, Joh 8:52, Joh 8:53, Joh 8:56, Joh 8:57, Joh 8:58, Act 3:13, Act 3:25, Act 7:2, Act 7:16, Act 7:17, Act 7:32, Act 13:26, Rom 4:1, Rom 4:2, Rom 4:3, Rom 4:9, Rom 4:12, Rom 4:13, Rom 4:16, Rom 9:7, Rom 11:1, 2Co 11:22, Gal 3:6, Gal 3:7, Gal 3:8,

Gal 3:9, Gal 3:14, Gal 3:16, Gal 3:18, Gal 3:29, Gal 4:22, Heb 2:16, Heb 6:13, Heb 7:1, Heb 7:2, Heb 7:4, Heb 7:5, Heb 7:6, Heb 7:9, Heb 11:8, Heb 11:17, Jas 2:21, Jas 2:23, 1Pe 3:6, KJV: Abraham 73 TR: 73 TDNT: 1:8,2

- \div **G12** ἄβυσσος ab'-us-sos Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: abyss* Supplement: (the depth, underworld) Etymology: {G1 + G1037 var} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [9] Luk 8:31, Rom 10:7, Rev 9:1, Rev 9:2, Rev 9:11, Rev 11:7, Rev 17:7, Rev 20:1, Rev 20:3, KJV: bottomless pit 5, deep 2, bottomless 2 TR: 9 TDNT: 1:9,2
- \div G13 Ἄγαβος ag'-ab-os Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Agabus* Supplement: (Ag-a-bus (he loved), Act 21:10. A Christian prophet in Caesarea who foretold a famine and the suffering of Paul at the hands of the Jews.) Etymology: {compare H2285} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [2] Act 11:28, Act 21:10, KJV: Agabus 2 TR: 2
- \div G14 ἀγαθοεργέω ag-ath-er-gheh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: work^ [what is] good^^ Supplement: (do good) Etymology: {G18 + G2041} Greek Concordance: [1] 1Ti 6:18, KJV: do good 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:17,3
- ÷ **G14b** ἀψαθοεργός ag-ath-er-gheh-os' Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: Supplement: (doing good) Etymology: {G18 + G2041} Greek Concordance: [0] [MINORITY TEXT] KJV: TR: 0
- \div **G15** ἀγαθοποιέω ag-ath-op-oy-eh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: (do) good^^ Supplement: (do what is good, kind, right) Etymology: {G17} Greek Concordance: [11] Mar 3:4, Luk 6:9, Luk 6:33, Luk 6:35, Act 14:17, 1Pe 2:15, 1Pe 2:20, 1Pe 3:6, 1Pe 3:17, 3Jn 1:11, KJV: do good 7, well doing 2, do well 2 TR: 11 TDNT: 1:17,3
- ÷ **G16** ἀγαθοποιΐα ag-ath-op-oy-ee'-ah Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: (in) good-doing* Supplement: (do what is good, kind, right) Etymology: {G17} Greek Concordance: [1] 1Pe 4:19, KJV: well doing 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:17,3
- ÷ G17 ἀγαθοποιός ag-ath-op-oy-os' Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: doers^ of good^^ Supplement: (do what is good, kind, right) Etymology: {G18 + G4160} Greek Concordance: [1] 1Pe 2:14, KJV: do well 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:17,3
- ÷ G18 ἀγαθός ag-ath-os' Part of Speech: {A-NSM} MLV/Definition: good^^ Supplement: {Syn G18, G2570; Tr-A, Wss-18}\$ (Good, right, kind.) Etymology: {primary word} All Compounds: G14-G19, G865, G5358 Greek Concordance: [102] Mat 5:45, Mat 7:11, Mat 7:11, Mat 7:17, Mat 7:18, Mat 12:34, Mat 12:35, Mat 12:35, Mat 12:35, Mat 19:16, Mat 19:16, Mat 19:17, Mat 19:17, Mat 20:15, Mat 22:10, Mat 25:21, Mat 25:23, Mar 10:17, Mar 10:18, Mar 10:18, Luk 1:53, Luk 6:45, Luk 6:45, Luk 6:45, Luk 8:8, Luk 8:15, Luk 10:42, Luk 11:13, Luk 12:18, Luk 12:19, Luk 16:25, Luk 18:18, Luk 18:19, Luk 18:19, Luk 19:17, Luk 23:50, Joh 1:46, Joh 5:29, Joh 7:12, Act 9:36, Act 11:24, Act 23:1, Rom 2:7, Rom 2:10, Rom 3:8, Rom 5:7, Rom 7:12, Rom 7:13, Rom 7:13, Rom 7:18, Rom 7:19, Rom 8:28, Rom 9:11, Rom 10:15, Rom 12:2, Rom 12:9, Rom 12:21, Rom 13:3, Rom 13:3, Rom 13:4, Rom 14:16, Rom 15:2, Rom 16:19, 2Co 5:10, 2Co 9:8, Gal 6:6, Gal 6:10, Eph 2:10, Eph 4:28, Eph 4:29, Eph 6:8, Php 1:6, Col 1:10, 1Th 3:6, 1Th 5:15, 2Th 2:16, 2Th 2:17, 1Ti 1:5, 1Ti 1:19, 1Ti 2:10, 1Ti 5:10, 2Ti 2:21, 2Ti 3:17, Tit 1:16, Tit 2:5, Tit 2:10, Tit 3:1, Phm 1:6, Phm 1:14, Heb 9:11, Heb 10:1, Heb 13:21, Jas 1:17, Jas 3:17, 1Pe 2:18, 1Pe 3:10, 1Pe 3:11, 1Pe 3:13, 1Pe 3:16, 1Pe 3:16, 1Pe 3:21, 3Jn 1:11, KJV: good 77, good thing 14, that which is good+3588 8, the thing which is good+3588 1, well 1, benefit 1 TR: 102 TDNT: 1:10,3
- ÷ **G18b** ἀγαθουγέω ag-ath-oor-ge'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: Supplement: (do good) Etymology: {G14} Greek Concordance: [0] [MINORITY TEXT] KJV: TR: 0
- \div G19 ἀγαθωσύνη ag-ath-o-soo'-nay Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: goodness* Supplement: {Syn G19, G5544; BL-0019, Tr-63} (Uprightness.) Etymology: {G18} Greek Concordance: [4] Rom 15:14, Gal 5:22, Eph 5:9, 2Th 1:11, KJV: goodness 4 TR: 4 TDNT: 1:18,3

[÷] **G20** ἀγαλλίασις ag-al-lee'-as-is Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: gladness* Supplement: {Syn G20, G2167, G5479; Tr-A} (joy) Etymology: {G21} Greek Concordance: [5] Luk 1:14, Luk 1:44, Act 2:46, Heb 1:9, Jud 1:24, KJV: gladness 3, joy 1, exceeding joy 1 TR: 5 TDNT: 1:19,4

ἀγαλλιάω ag-al-lee-ah'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: (be) glad* Supplement: (jumping for joy) Etymology: {|agan|, much + G242} Greek Concordance: [11] Mat 5:12, Luk 1:47, Luk 10:21, Joh 5:35, Joh 8:56, Act 2:26, Act 16:34, 1Pe 1:6, 1Pe 1:8, 1Pe 4:13, Rev 19:7, KJV: rejoice 7, be exceeding glad 1, be glad 1, greatly rejoice 1, with exceeding joy 1 TR: 11 TDNT: 1:19, *

÷ G22 ἄγαμος ag'-am-os Part of Speech: {N-NSF/M} MLV/Definition: unmarried* Supplement: (Single or divorced or both.) Etymology: {G1 + G1062 Ant} Greek Concordance: [4] 1Co 7:8, 1Co 7:11, 1Co 7:32, 1Co 7:34, KJV: unmarried 4 TR: 4

÷ G24 ἀγανάκτησις ag-an-ak'-tay-sis Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: indignation* Supplement: (angry, exasperation) Etymology: {G23} Greek Concordance: [1] 2Co 7:11, KJV: indignation 1 TR: 1

- ÷ G25 ἀγαπάω ag-ap-ah'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: love**, [PERFECT]: beloved Supplement: {Syn G25, G5368; B-31, Tr-12} (love of people) Etymology: {|agan|, ?} All Compounds: G26, G27 Greek Concordance: [144] Mat 5:43, Mat 5:44, Mat 5:46, Mat 5:46, Mat 6:24, Mat 19:19, Mat 22:37, Mat 22:39, Mar 10:21, Mar 12:30, Mar 12:31, Mar 12:33, Mar 12:33, Luk 6:27, Luk 6:32, Luk 6:32, Luk 6:32, Luk 6:35, Luk 7:5, Luk 7:42, Luk 7:47, Luk 7:47, Luk 10:27, Luk 11:43, Luk 16:13, Joh 3:16, Joh 3:19, Joh 3:35, Joh 8:42, Joh 10:17, Joh 11:5, Joh 12:43, Joh 13:1, Joh 13:1, Joh 13:23, Joh 13:34, Joh 13:34, Joh 13:34, Joh 14:15, Joh 14:21, Joh 14:21, Joh 14:21, Joh 14:21, Joh 14:23, Joh 14:23, Joh 14:24, Joh 14:28, Joh 14:31, Joh 15:9, Joh 15:9, Joh 15:12, Joh 15:12, Joh 15:17, Joh 17:23, Joh 17:23, Joh 17:24, Joh 17:26, Joh 19:26, Joh 21:7, Joh 21:15, Joh 21:16, Joh 21:20, Rom 8:28, Rom 8:37, Rom 9:13, Rom 9:25, Rom 9:25, Rom 13:8, Rom 13:8, Rom 13:9, 1Co 2:9, 1Co 8:3, 2Co 9:7, 2Co 11:11, 2Co 12:15, 2Co 12:15, Gal 2:20, Gal 5:14, Eph 1:6, Eph 2:4, Eph 5:2, Eph 5:25, Eph 5:25, Eph 5:28, Eph 5:28, Eph 5:28, Eph 5:33, Eph 6:24, Col 3:12, Col 3:19, 1Th 1:4, 1Th 4:9, 2Th 2:13, 2Th 2:16, 2Ti 4:8, 2Ti 4:10, Heb 1:9, Heb 12:6, Jas 1:12, Jas 2:5, Jas 2:8, 1Pe 1:8, 1Pe 1:22, 1Pe 2:17, 1Pe 3:10, 2Pe 2:15, 1Jn 2:10, 1Jn 2:15, 1Jn 2:15, 1Jn 3:10, 1Jn 3:11, 1Jn 3:14, 1Jn 3:14, 1Jn 3:18, 1Jn 3:23, 1Jn 4:7, 1Jn 4:7, 1Jn 4:8, 1Jn 4:10, 1Jn 4:10, 1Jn 4:11, 1Jn 4:11, 1Jn 4:12, 1Jn 4:19, 1Jn 4:19, 1Jn 4:19, 1Jn 4:20, 1Jn 4:20, 1Jn 4:20, 1Jn 4:21, 1Jn 4:21, 1Jn 5:1, 1Jn 5:1, 1Jn 5:1, 1Jn 5:2, 1Jn 5:2, 2Jn 1:1, 2Jn 1:5, 3Jn 1:1, Rev 1:5, Rev 3:9, Rev 12:11, Rev 20:9 KJV: love 135, beloved 7 TR: 142 TDNT: 1:21,5
- ÷ G26 ἀγάπη ag-ah'-pay Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: A> love**, loves**, loved**, loving**, B> [PLURAL]: love-feasts*, [1] Supplement: (love of people, of God; a common meal eaten by Christians in connection with Sunday service) Etymology: {G25} Greek Concordance: [116] Mat 24:12, Luk 11:42, Joh 5:42, Joh 13:35, Joh 15:9, Joh 15:10, Joh 15:10, Joh 15:13, Joh 17:26, Rom 5:5, Rom 5:8, Rom 8:35, Rom 8:39, Rom 12:9, Rom 13:10, Rom 13:10, Rom 14:15, Rom 15:30, 1Co 4:21, 1Co 8:1, 1Co 13:1, 1Co 13:2, 1Co 13:3, 1Co 13:4, 1Co 13:4, 1Co 13:4, 1Co 13:8, 1Co 13:13, 1Co 13:13, 1Co 14:1, 1Co 16:14, 1Co 16:24, 2Co 2:4, 2Co 2:8, 2Co 5:14, 2Co 6:6, 2Co 8:7, 2Co 8:8, 2Co 8:24, 2Co 13:11, 2Co 13:14, Gal 5:6, Gal 5:13, Gal 5:22, Eph 1:4, Eph 1:15, Eph 2:4, Eph 3:18, Eph 3:19, Eph 4:2, Eph 4:15, Eph 4:16, Eph 5:2, Eph 6:23, Php 1:9, Php 1:17, Php 2:1, Php 2:2, Col 1:4, Col 1:8, Col 1:13, Col 2:2, Col 3:14, 1Th 1:3, 1Th 3:6, 1Th 3:12, 1Th 5:8, 1Th 5:13, 2Th 1:3, 2Th 2:10, 2Th 3:5, 1Ti 1:5, 1Ti 1:14, 1Ti 2:15, 1Ti 4:12, 1Ti 6:11, 2Ti 1:7, 2Ti 1:13, 2Ti 2:22, 2Ti 3:10, Tit 2:2, Phm 1:5, Phm 1:7, Phm 1:9, Heb 6:10, Heb 10:24, 1Pe 4:8, 1Pe 4:8, 1Pe 5:14, 2Pe 1:7, 1Jn 2:5, 1Jn 2:15, 1Jn 3:1, 1Jn 3:16, 1Jn 3:17, 1Jn 4:7, 1Jn 4:8, 1Jn 4:9, 1Jn 4:10, 1Jn 4:12, 1Jn 4:16, 1Jn 4:16, 1Jn 4:16, 1Jn 4:17, 1Jn 4:18, 1Jn 4:18, 1Jn 4:18, 1Jn 5:3, 2Jn 1:3, 2Jn 1:6, 3Jn 1:6, Jud 1:2, Jud 1:12, Jud 1:21, Rev 2:4, Rev 2:19, KJV: love 86, charity 27, dear 1, charitably+2596 1, feast of charity 1 TR: 116 TDNT: 1:21,5
- ÷ G27 ἀγαπητός ag-ap-ay-tos' Part of Speech: {A- } MLV/Definition: beloved^ Supplement: (hold dear) Etymology: {G25} Greek Concordance: [62] Mat 3:17, Mat 12:18, Mat 17:5, Mar 1:11, Mar

[÷] G23 ἀγανακτέω ag-an-ak-teh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: (be) + indignant* Supplement: (angry, exasperation) Etymology: {|agan|, much + |acqoV|, grief; akin to base of G43} Greek Concordance: [7] Mat 20:24, Mat 21:15, Mat 26:8, Mar 10:14, Mar 10:41, Mar 14:4, Luk 13:14, KJV: have indignation 2, be much displeased 2, with indignation 2, be sore displeased 1 TR: 7

9:7, Mar 12:6, Luk 3:22, Luk 9:35, Luk 20:13, Act 15:25, Rom 1:7, Rom 11:28, Rom 12:19, Rom 16:5, Rom 16:8, Rom 16:9, Rom 16:12, 1Co 4:14, 1Co 4:17, 1Co 10:14, 1Co 15:58, 2Co 7:1, 2Co 12:19, Eph 5:1, Eph 6:21, Php 2:12, Php 4:1, Php 4:1, Col 1:7, Col 4:7, Col 4:9, Col 4:14, 1Th 2:8, 1Ti 6:2, 2Ti 1:2, Phm 1:1, Phm 1:2, Phm 1:16, Heb 6:9, Jas 1:16, Jas 1:19, Jas 2:5, 1Pe 2:11, 1Pe 4:12, 2Pe 1:17, 2Pe 3:1, 2Pe 3:8, 2Pe 3:14, 2Pe 3:15, 2Pe 3:17, 1Jn 3:2, 1Jn 3:21, 1Jn 4:1, 1Jn 4:7, 1Jn 4:11, 3Jn 1:1, 3Jn 1:2, 3Jn 1:5, 3Jn 1:11, Jud 1:3, Jud 1:17, Jud 1:20, KJV: beloved 47, dearly beloved 9, well beloved 3, dear 3 TR: 62 TDNT: 1:21,5

- ÷ G28 "Aγαρ ag'-ar Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Hagar* Supplement: (Abraham's concubine.) (flight) Etymology: {H1904} Greek Concordance: [2] Gal 4:24, Gal 4:25, KJV: Agar 2 TR: 2 TDNT: 1:55,10
- ÷ G29 ἀγγαρεύω ang-ar-yew'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: compel*, compels*, compelled* Supplement: (press into service) Etymology: {foreign origin} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [3] Mat 5:41, Mat 27:32, Mar 15:21, KJV: compel to go 3 TR: 3
- \div G30 ἀγγεῖον ang-eye'-on Part of Speech: {N-NSN} MLV/Definition: containers~ Supplement: (liquid or dry or figurative) Etymology: {G0032b} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [2] Mat 13:48, Mat 25:4, KJV: vessel 2 TR: 2

÷ **G31** ἀγγελία ang-el-ee'-ah Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: message* Supplement: (or good-news) Etymology: {G0031b} Greek Concordance: [2] 1Jn 1:5, 1Jn 3:11, KJV: message 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:56,10

 \div **G31b** ἀγγέλλω ang'-el-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: [BASE WORD] Supplement: (declare, announce) Etymology: {G71?} All Compounds: G31, G312, G518, G743, G1229, G1860, G1861, G1862, G2097, G2098, G2099, G2465, G2604, G2605, G4279, G4283, G4293; G3852, G3853; G678, G4380, G4381, G4382 Greek Concordance: [0] [MINORITY TEXT] KJV: - TR: 0

- ÷ G32 ἄγγελος ang'-el-os Part of Speech: {N-NSM} MLV/Definition: messenger*, messengers* Supplement: (angel, entirely on context and not always definitive. We chose not to use commentary.) Etymology: {G0031b} Greek Concordance: [179] Mat 1:20, Mat 1:24, Mat 2:13, Mat 2:19, Mat 4:6, Mat 4:11, Mat 11:10, Mat 13:39, Mat 13:41, Mat 13:49, Mat 16:27, Mat 18:10, Mat 22:30, Mat 24:31, Mat 24:36, Mat 25:31, Mat 25:41, Mat 26:53, Mat 28:2, Mat 28:5, Mar 1:2, Mar 1:13, Mar 8:38, Mar 12:25, Mar 13:27, Mar 13:32, Luk 1:11, Luk 1:13, Luk 1:18, Luk 1:19, Luk 1:26, Luk 1:28, Luk 1:30, Luk 1:34, Luk 1:35, Luk 1:38, Luk 2:9, Luk 2:10, Luk 2:13, Luk 2:15, Luk 2:21, Luk 4:10, Luk 7:24, Luk 7:27, Luk 9:26, Luk 9:52, Luk 12:8, Luk 12:9, Luk 15:10, Luk 16:22, Luk 22:43, Luk 24:23, Joh 1:51, Joh 5:4, Joh 12:29, Joh 20:12, Act 5:19, Act 6:15, Act 7:30, Act 7:35, Act 7:38, Act 7:53, Act 8:26, Act 10:3, Act 10:7, Act 10:22, Act 11:13, Act 12:7, Act 12:8, Act 12:9, Act 12:10, Act 12:11, Act 12:15, Act 12:23, Act 23:8, Act 23:9, Act 27:23, Rom 8:38, 1Co 4:9, 1Co 6:3, 1Co 11:10, 1Co 13:1, 2Co 11:14, 2Co 12:7, Gal 1:8, Gal 3:19, Gal 4:14, Col 2:18, 2Th 1:7, 1Ti 3:16, 1Ti 5:21, Heb 1:4, Heb 1:5, Heb 1:6, Heb 1:7, Heb 1:7, Heb 1:13, Heb 2:2, Heb 2:5, Heb 2:7, Heb 2:9, Heb 2:16, Heb 12:22, Heb 13:2, Jas 2:25, 1Pe 1:12, 1Pe 3:22, 2Pe 2:4, 2Pe 2:11, Jud 1:6, Rev 1:1, Rev 1:20, Rev 2:1, Rev 2:8, Rev 2:12, Rev 2:18, Rev 3:1, Rev 3:5, Rev 3:7, Rev 3:14, Rev 5:2, Rev 5:11, Rev 7:1, Rev 7:2, Rev 7:2, Rev 7:11, Rev 8:2, Rev 8:3, Rev 8:4, Rev 8:5, Rev 8:6, Rev 8:8, Rev 8:10, Rev 8:12, Rev 8:13, Rev 9:1, Rev 9:11, Rev 9:13, Rev 9:14, Rev 9:14, Rev 9:15, Rev 10:1, Rev 10:5, Rev 10:7, Rev 10:8, Rev 10:9, Rev 10:10, Rev 11:15, Rev 12:7, Rev 12:7, Rev 12:9, Rev 14:6, Rev 14:8, Rev 14:9, Rev 14:10, Rev 14:15, Rev 14:17, Rev 14:18, Rev 14:19, Rev 15:1, Rev 15:6, Rev 15:7, Rev 15:8, Rev 16:1, Rev 16:3, Rev 16:5, Rev 16:8, Rev 17:1, Rev 17:7, Rev 18:1, Rev 18:21, Rev 19:17, Rev 20:1, Rev 21:9, Rev 21:12, Rev 21:17, Rev 22:6, Rev 22:8, Rev 22:16 KJV: angel 179, messenger 7 TR: 186 TDNT: 1:74,12
- ÷ **G32b** ἄγγος ang'-os Part of Speech: {N-NSM} MLV/Definition: [BASE WORD] Supplement: (container) Etymology: {primary word} Greek Concordance: [0] [MINORITY TEXT] KJV: TR: 0
- ÷ G33 ἄγε ag'-eh Part of Speech: {V-PAM-2S} MLV/Definition: [LISTED UNDER 0071] Supplement: (come) Etymology: {imperative of G71} Greek Concordance: [0] [LISTED UNDER 0071] KJV: go to 2 TR: 2

÷ **G34** ἀγέλη ag-el'-ay Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: herd* Supplement: (group of like animals) Etymology: {G71} Greek Concordance: [8] Mat 8:30, Mat 8:31, Mat 8:32, Mat 8:32, Mar 5:11, Mar 5:13, Luk 8:32, Luk 8:33, KJV: herd 8 TR: 8

 \div G36 ἀγενής ag-en-ace' Part of Speech: {A-NPN} MLV/Definition: [FIG]: ignoble* Supplement: (base, insignificant; LIT: not noble born.) Etymology: {G1 + G1085 Ant G2104} Greek Concordance: [1] 1Co 1:28, KJV: base things 1 TR: 1

- ÷ **G37** ἀγιάζω hag-ee-ad'-zo Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: sanctify*, sanctifies*, sanctified*, sanctifying*, Supplement: {Syn G37, G41, G42; Tr-A} (of things: set aside; of people: consecrate, dedicate; treat as holy.) Etymology: {G40} NC Greek Concordance: [29] Mat 6:9, Mat 23:17, Mat 23:19, Luk 11:2, Joh 10:36, Joh 17:17, Joh 17:19, Joh 17:19, Act 20:32, Act 26:18, Rom 15:16, 1Co 1:2, 1Co 6:11, 1Co 7:14, 1Co 7:14, Eph 5:26, 1Th 5:23, 1Ti 4:5, 2Ti 2:21, Heb 2:11, Heb 2:11, Heb 9:13, Heb 10:10, Heb 10:14, Heb 10:29, Heb 13:12, 1Pe 3:15, Jud 1:1, Rev 22:11, KJV: sanctify 26, hallow 2, be holy 1 TR: 29 TDNT: 1:111,14
- \div G38 ἀγιασμός hag-ee-as-mos' Part of Speech: {N-NSM} MLV/Definition: sanctification* Supplement: (holiness, consecration) Etymology: {G37} Greek Concordance: [10] Rom 6:19, Rom 6:22, 1Co 1:30, 1Th 4:3, 1Th 4:4, 1Th 4:7, 2Th 2:13, 1Ti 2:15, Heb 12:14, 1Pe 1:2, KJV: holiness 5, sanctification 5 TR: 10 TDNT: 1:113,14
- ÷ **G39** ἄγιον hag'-ee-on Part of Speech: {A-NSN} MLV/Definition: [LISTED UNDER 0040] Supplement: (Holy of Holies, Holy-place) Etymology: {G40} Greek Concordance: [0] [LISTED UNDER 0040] KJV: sanctuary 4, holy place 3, holiest of all 3, holiness 1 TR: 11
- ÷ G40 ἄγιος hag'-ee-os Part of Speech: {A- } MLV/Definition: A> holy^^, B> [NOUN]: holyone*, holy-ones*, Holy-place*, Holy-places*, C> Holy^^ of Holies* Supplement: {Syn G40, G53, G2413, G3741, G4586; B-1, Str-3741, Tr-88} (pure, perfect, worthy of God; consecrated) Etymology: {|agoV|, religious awe}/ All Compounds: G37-G42; NC Greek Concordance: [240] Mat 1:18, Mat 1:20, Mat 3:11, Mat 4:5, Mat 7:6, Mat 12:32, Mat 24:15, Mat 25:31, Mat 27:52, Mat 27:53, Mat 28:19, Mar 1:8, Mar 1:24, Mar 3:29, Mar 6:20, Mar 8:38, Mar 12:36, Mar 13:11, Luk 1:15, Luk 1:35, Luk 1:35, Luk 1:41, Luk 1:49, Luk 1:67, Luk 1:70, Luk 1:72, Luk 2:23, Luk 2:25, Luk 2:26, Luk 3:16, Luk 3:22, Luk 4:1, Luk 4:34, Luk 9:26, Luk 11:13, Luk 12:10, Luk 12:12, Joh 1:33, Joh 7:39, Joh 14:26, Joh 17:11, Joh 20:22, Act 1:2, Act 1:5, Act 1:8, Act 1:16, Act 2:4, Act 2:33, Act 2:38, Act 3:14, Act 3:21, Act 4:8, Act 4:27, Act 4:30, Act 4:31, Act 5:3, Act 5:32, Act 6:3, Act 6:5, Act 6:13, Act 7:33, Act 7:51, Act 7:55, Act 8:15, Act 8:17, Act 8:18, Act 8:19, Act 9:13, Act 9:17, Act 9:31, Act 9:32, Act 9:41, Act 10:22, Act 10:38, Act 10:44, Act 10:45, Act 10:47, Act 11:15, Act 11:16, Act 11:24, Act 13:2, Act 13:4, Act 13:9, Act 13:52, Act 15:8, Act 15:28, Act 16:6, Act 19:2, Act 19:2, Act 19:6, Act 20:23, Act 20:28, Act 21:11, Act 21:28, Act 26:10, Act 28:25, Rom 1:2, Rom 1:7, Rom 5:5, Rom 7:12, Rom 7:12, Rom 8:27, Rom 9:1, Rom 11:16, Rom 11:16, Rom 12:1, Rom 12:13, Rom 14:17, Rom 15:13, Rom 15:16, Rom 15:25, Rom 15:26, Rom 15:31, Rom 16:2, Rom 16:15, Rom 16:16, 1Co 1:2, 1Co 2:13, 1Co 3:17, 1Co 6:1, 1Co 6:2, 1Co 6:19, 1Co 7:14, 1Co 7:34, 1Co 12:3, 1Co 14:33, 1Co 16:1, 1Co 16:15, 1Co 16:20, 2Co 1:1, 2Co 6:6, 2Co 8:4, 2Co 9:1, 2Co 9:12, 2Co 13:12, 2Co 13:13, 2Co 13:14, Eph 1:1, Eph 1:4, Eph 1:13, Eph 1:15, Eph 1:18, Eph 2:19, Eph 2:21, Eph 3:5, Eph 3:8, Eph 3:18, Eph 4:12, Eph 4:30, Eph 5:3, Eph 5:27, Eph 6:18, Php 1:1, Php 4:21, Php 4:22, Col 1:2, Col 1:4, Col 1:12, Col 1:22, Col 1:26, Col 3:12, 1Th 1:5, 1Th 1:6, 1Th 3:13, 1Th 4:8, 1Th 5:26, 1Th 5:27, 2Th 1:10, 1Ti 5:10, 2Ti 1:9, 2Ti 1:14, Tit 3:5, Phm 1:5, Phm 1:7, Heb 2:4, Heb 3:1, Heb 3:7, Heb 6:4, Heb 6:10, Heb 8:2, Heb 9:1, Heb 9:2, Heb 9:3, Heb 9:3, Heb 9:8, Heb 9:8, Heb 9:12, Heb 9:24, Heb 9:25, Heb 10:15, Heb 10:19, Heb 13:11, Heb 13:24, 1Pe 1:12, 1Pe 1:15, 1Pe 1:15, 1Pe 1:16, 1Pe 1:16, 1Pe 2:5, 1Pe 2:9, 1Pe 3:5, 2Pe 1:18, 2Pe 1:21, 2Pe 1:21, 2Pe 2:21, 2Pe 3:2, 2Pe 3:11, 1Jn 2:20, Jud 1:3, Jud 1:14, Jud 1:20, Jud 1:20, Rev 3:7, Rev 4:8, Rev 4:8, Rev 4:8, Rev 4:11, Rev 5:8, Rev 6:10, Rev 8:3, Rev 8:4, Rev 11:2, Rev 11:18, Rev 13:7, Rev 13:10, Rev 14:10, Rev 14:12, Rev 15:4, Rev 16:6,

[÷] **G35** ἀγενεαλόγητος ag-en-eh-al-og'-ay-tos Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: without genealogy^ Supplement: (unknown record of family) Etymology: {G1 + G1075} Greek Concordance: [1] Heb 7:3, KJV: without descent 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:665,114

Rev 17:6, Rev 18:20, Rev 18:24, Rev 19:8, Rev 20:6, Rev 20:9, Rev 21:2, Rev 21:10, Rev 22:11, Rev 22:19, Rev 22:21 KJV: holy 161, saints 61, Holy One 4, misc 3 TR: 229 TDNT: 1:88,14

- ÷ **G41** ἀγιότης hag-ee-ot'-ace Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: holiness^ Supplement: {SEE G37} (sanctity) Etymology: {G40} Greek Concordance: [1] Heb 12:10, KJV: holiness 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:114,14
- ÷ **G42** ἀγιωσύνη hag-ee-o-soo'-nay Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: holiness^^ Supplement: {SEE G37} (sanctity) Etymology: {G40} Greek Concordance: [3] Rom 1:4, 2Co 7:1, 1Th 3:13, KJV: holiness 3 TR: 3 TDNT: 1:114,14
- ÷ **G43** ἀγκάλη ang-kal'-ay Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: arms* (PLURAL) Supplement: (bent to receive) Etymology: {|agkoV|, a bend} All Compounds: G1723; unrelated: G44, G45, G315-G318, G1816 Greek Concordance: [1] Luk 2:28, KJV: arm 1 TR: 1
- ÷ G44 ἄγκιστρον ang'-kis-tron Part of Speech: {N-NSN} MLV/Definition: fishhook* Supplement: (something bent) Etymology: {same as G43} Greek Concordance: [1] Mat 17:27, KJV: hook 1 TR: 1
- ÷ G45 ἄγκυρα ang'-koo-rah Part of Speech: {N-NSN} MLV/Definition: anchor*, anchors* Supplement: (something bent) Etymology: {same as G43} Greek Concordance: [4] Act 27:29, Act 27:30, Act 27:40, Heb 6:19, KJV: anchor 4 TR: 4
- ÷ **G46** ἄγναφος ag'-naf-os Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: unshrunk* Supplement: (unbleached, not sized, new) Etymology: {G1 + G1102 base} Greek Concordance: [2] Mat 9:16, Mar 2:21, KJV: new 2 TR: 2
- ÷ G47 ἀγνεία hag-ni'-ah Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: purity^ Supplement: (pure mind, chaste) Etymology: {G53} Greek Concordance: [2] 1Ti 4:12, 1Ti 5:2, KJV: purity 2 TR: 2 TDNT: 1:123,19
- ÷ **G48** ἀγνίζω hag-nid'-zo Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: purify*, purifies*, purified* Supplement: (of Jewish rites or Christian forgiveness of sins) Etymology: {G53} Greek Concordance: [7] Joh 11:55, Act 21:24, Act 21:26, Act 24:18, Jas 4:8, 1Pe 1:22, 1Jn 3:3, KJV: purify 5, purify (one's) self 2 TR: 7 TDNT: 1:123,19
- ÷ **G49** ἀγνισμός hag-nis-mos' Part of Speech: {N-NSM} MLV/Definition: purification* Supplement: (Jewish acts before offerings) Etymology: {G48} Greek Concordance: [1] Act 21:26, KJV: purification 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:124,19
- ÷ **G50** ἀγνοέω ag-no-eh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: A> (BE verbs) ignorant*, [17] B> unrecognized*, [2] C> (were) not considering^, [2] Supplement: (C: not to understand) Etymology: {G1 + G3539} Greek Concordance: [22] Mar 9:32, Luk 9:45, Act 13:27, Act 17:23, Rom 1:13, Rom 2:4, Rom 6:3, Rom 7:1, Rom 10:3, Rom 11:25, 1Co 10:1, 1Co 12:1, 1Co 14:38, 1Co 14:38, 2Co 1:8, 2Co 2:11, 2Co 6:9, Gal 1:22, 1Th 4:13, 1Ti 1:13, Heb 5:2, 2Pe 2:12, KJV: be ignorant 7, ignorant 4, know not 4, understand not 3, ignorantly 2, unknown 2 TR: 22 TDNT: 1:115,18
- \div **G51** ἀγνόημα ag-no'-ay-mah Part of Speech: {N-NSN} MLV/Definition: sins^^ of ignorance^ Supplement: {Syn G51, G265, G266, G458, G763, G2275, G3847, G3876, G3892, G3900; B-2, Tr-66} (commit sin in ignorance) Etymology: {G50} / Greek Concordance: [1] Heb 9:7, KJV: error 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:115,18
- \div **G52** ἄγνοια ag'-noy-ah Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: ignorance^^ Supplement: {Syn G52, G56; Tr-A}\$ Etymology: {G50} Greek Concordance: [4] Act 3:17, Act 17:30, Eph 4:18, 1Pe 1:14, KJV: ignorance 4 TR: 4 TDNT: 1:116,18

 $[\]div$ **G53** ἀγνός hag-nos' Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: pure* Supplement: {SEE G40} (Relates to Divinity.) Etymology: {|agoV|, religious awe} All Compounds: G47, G48, G49, G54, G55 Greek Concordance: [8] 2Co 7:11, 2Co 11:2, Php 4:8, 1Ti 5:22, Tit 2:5, Jas 3:17, 1Pe 3:2, 1Jn 3:3, KJV: pure 4, chaste 3, clear 1 TR: 8 TDNT: 1:122,19

- ÷ **G54** ἀγνότης hag-not'-ace Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: purity^ Supplement: (sincerity) Etymology: {G53} Greek Concordance: [1] 2Co 6:6, KJV: pureness 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:124,19
- \div **G55** ἀγνῶς hag-noce' Part of Speech: {ADV} MLV/Definition: purely* Supplement: (with sincerity) Etymology: {G53} Greek Concordance: [1] Php 1:16, KJV: sincerely 1 TR: 1
- ÷ **G56** ἀγνωσία ag-no-see'-ah Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: ignorance^^ Supplement: {SEE G52}\$ (lack religious sense) Etymology: {G1 + G1108} Greek Concordance: [2] 1Co 15:34, 1Pe 2:15, KJV: not the knowledge 1, ignorance 1 TR: 2 TDNT: 1:116,18
- \div **G57** ἄγνωστος ag'-noce-tos' Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: unknown* Supplement: (not known) Etymology: {G1 + G1110 Ant} Greek Concordance: [1] Act 17:23, KJV: unknown 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:119,18
- ÷ **G58** ἀγορά ag-or-ah' Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: marketplace*, marketplaces* Supplement: (sometimes used for public events) Etymology: {|ageirw|, to gather; G1453?} All Compounds: unrelated: G59, G60, G1215, G1805, G2723-G2725, G3831, G3931, G4316 Greek Concordance: [11] Mat 11:16, Mat 20:3, Mat 23:7, Mar 6:56, Mar 7:4, Mar 12:38, Luk 7:32, Luk 11:43, Luk 20:46, Act 16:19, Act 17:17, KJV: market 6, marketplace 4, street 1 TR: 11
- ÷ **G59** ἀγοράζω ag-or-ad'-zo Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: buy^, buys*, bought^, buying^ Supplement: (purchase) Etymology: {G58} Greek Concordance: [31] Mat 13:44, Mat 13:46, Mat 14:15, Mat 21:12, Mat 25:9, Mat 25:10, Mat 27:7, Mar 6:36, Mar 6:37, Mar 11:15, Mar 15:46, Mar 16:1, Luk 9:13, Luk 14:18, Luk 14:19, Luk 17:28, Luk 19:45, Luk 22:36, Joh 4:8, Joh 6:5, Joh 13:29, 1Co 6:20, 1Co 7:23, 1Co 7:30, 2Pe 2:1, Rev 3:18, Rev 5:9, Rev 13:17, Rev 14:3, Rev 14:4, Rev 18:11, KJV: buy 28, redeem 3 TR: 31 TDNT: 1:124,19
- ÷ **G60** ἀγοραῖος ag-or-ah'-yos Part of Speech: {A- /N-} MLV/Definition: A> market-loafers*, [1] B> lower-courts*, [1] Supplement: (like our magistrate courts) Etymology: {G58} Greek Concordance: [2] Act 17:5, Act 19:38, KJV: baser sort 1, law 1 TR: 2

÷ **G61** ἄγρα ag'-rah Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: catch^ Supplement: (what is caught) Etymology: {G71} Greek Concordance: [2] Luk 5:4, Luk 5:9, KJV: draught 2 TR: 2

- \div **G62** ἀγράμματος ag-ram-mat-os Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: illiterate* Supplement: {Syn G62, G2399; BL-0062, Tr-79} (unable to write, uneducated) Etymology: {G1 + G1121} Greek Concordance: [1] Act 4:13, KJV: unlearned 1 TR: 1
- \div G63 ἀγραυλέω ag-row-leh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: camping^ out~ Supplement: (live outdoors) Etymology: {G68 + G833} Greek Concordance: [1] Luk 2:8, KJV: abide in the field 1 TR: 1
- ÷ **G64** ἀγρεύω ag-rew'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: catch^ Supplement: (snare) Etymology: {G61} Greek Concordance: [1] Mar 12:13, KJV: catch 1 TR: 1
- ÷ G65 ἀγριέλαιος ag-ree-el'-ah-yos Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: wild^ olive^, wild^ olive^ tree~, olive^ trees~ Supplement: (found in the open field) Etymology: {G66 + G1636} Greek Concordance: [2] Rom 11:17, Rom 11:24, KJV: wild olive tree 1, olive tree which is wild 1 TR: 2
- ÷ **G66** ἄγριος ag'-ree-os Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: wild^ Supplement: (found in the open field) Etymology: {G68} Greek Concordance: [3] Mat 3:4, Mar 1:6, Jud 1:13, KJV: wild 2, raging 1 TR: 3
- ÷ G67 ἀγρίππας ag-rip'-pas Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Agrippa* Supplement: (Herod Agrippa; grandson of Herod the Great) (Hero like) Etymology: {G66 + G2462} Greek Concordance: [12] Act 25:13, Act 25:22, Act 25:23, Act 25:24, Act 25:26, Act 26:1, Act 26:2, Act 26:7, Act 26:19, Act 26:27, Act 26:28, Act 26:32, KJV: Agrippa 12 TR: 12
- ÷ **G68** ἀγρός ag-ros' Part of Speech: {N-NSM} MLV/Definition: A> [GEN]: rural* area* (SINGULAR), [8] B> field*, fields*, [27] Supplement: (uncultivated or cultivated) Etymology: {G71} Greek Concordance: [35] Mat 6:28, Mat 6:30, Mat 13:24, Mat 13:27, Mat 13:31, Mat 13:36, Mat 13:38,

Mat 13:44, Mat 13:44, Mat 19:29, Mat 22:5, Mat 24:18, Mat 24:40, Mat 27:7, Mat 27:8, Mat 27:10, Mar 5:14, Mar 6:36, Mar 6:56, Mar 10:29, Mar 10:30, Mar 13:16, Mar 15:21, Mar 16:12, Luk 8:34, Luk 9:12, Luk 12:28, Luk 14:18, Luk 15:15, Luk 15:25, Luk 17:7, Luk 17:31, Luk 23:26, Act 4:37, KJV: field 22, country 8, land 4, farm 1, piece of ground 1 TR: 36

- \div **G69** ἀγρυπνέω ag-roop-neh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: [FIG]: watch^^, watching^^ Supplement: {Syn G69, G1127, G3525; Th-0069}\$ (stay awake) Etymology: {G1 + G5258 sleep} Greek Concordance: [4] Mar 13:33, Luk 21:36, Eph 6:18, Heb 13:17, KJV: watch 4 TR: 4 TDNT: 2:338,195
- ÷ **G70** ἀγρυπνία ag-roop-nee'-ah Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: sleeplessness* Supplement: (unable to sleep, but probably in a even worse way) Etymology: {G69} Greek Concordance: [2] 2Co 6:5, 2Co 11:27, KJV: watching 2 TR: 2
- ÷ G71 ἄγω ag'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: A> lead^, leads^, led^, leading^, B> bring*^, brings*^, brought*^, bringing*^, C> [IMPERATIVE]: come~ coming~, going^~ Supplement: (guide; bring/lead a prisoner 'by his chains') Etymology: {a primary verb} All Compounds: G33 G72 G321 G520 G656 G1236 G1521 G1806 G1863 G1877 G2221 G2233 G2519 G2609 G3329 G3489 G3594 G3595 G3807 G3855 G4013 G4254 G4285 G4317 G5496 G5497; Leader but higher rank: G747 G752 G2230 G2231 G2232 G2233 G4755; struggle compete: G73 G75 G464 G1864 G2610 G4865; Worthy: G370 G371 G514 G515 G516 G2661; describe: G411 G1334 G1555 G1834 supply: G2023 G2024 G5524; unrelated: G34 G61 G63 G64 G65 G67 G68 G74 G3920 G4318 G4812 G4863 G4864 G5468 G5469 Greek Concordance: [76] Mat 10:18, Mat 14:6, Mat 21:2, Mat 21:7, Mat 26:46, Mar 1:38, Mar 11:2, Mar 11:7, Mar 13:11, Mar 14:42, Luk 4:1, Luk 4:9, Luk 4:29, Luk 4:40, Luk 10:34, Luk 18:40, Luk 19:27, Luk 19:30, Luk 19:35, Luk 21:12, Luk 22:54, Luk 23:1, Luk 23:32, Luk 24:21, Joh 1:42, Joh 7:45, Joh 8:3, Joh 9:13, Joh 10:16, Joh 11:7, Joh 11:15, Joh 11:16, Joh 14:31, Joh 18:28, Joh 19:4, Joh 19:13, Joh 19:16, Act 5:21, Act 5:26, Act 5:27, Act 6:12, Act 8:32, Act 9:2, Act 9:21, Act 9:27, Act 11:26, Act 13:23, Act 17:5, Act 17:15, Act 17:19, Act 18:12, Act 19:37, Act 19:38, Act 20:12, Act 21:16, Act 21:34, Act 22:5, Act 22:24, Act 23:10, Act 23:18, Act 23:18, Act 23:31, Act 25:6, Act 25:17, Act 25:23, Act 28:11, Rom 2:4, Rom 8:14, 1Co 12:2, Gal 5:18, 1Th 4:14, 2Ti 3:6, 2Ti 4:11, Heb 2:10, Jas 4:13, Jas 5:1, KJV: bring 45, lead 12, go 7, bring forth 2, misc 5, vr bring 1 TR: 72
- \div G72 ἀγωγή ag-o-gay' Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: lead^ Supplement: (way of life, conduct, an example) Etymology: {G71} Greek Concordance: [1] 2Ti 3:10, KJV: manner of life 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:128,20
- ÷ **G73** ἀγών ag-one' Part of Speech: {N-NSM} MLV/Definition: A> contest*, [1] B> [PERSONAL]: struggle^, fight^, [5] Supplement: (A: athletic) Etymology: {G71} Greek Concordance: [6] Php 1:30, Col 2:1, 1Th 2:2, 1Ti 6:12, 2Ti 4:7, Heb 12:1, KJV: conflict 2, fight 2, contention 1, race 1 TR: 6 TDNT: 1:135,20
- \div **G74** ἀγωνία ag-o-nee'-ah Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: agony* Supplement: (anxiety) Etymology: {G73} Greek Concordance: [1] Luk 22:44, KJV: agony 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:140,20
- ÷ G75 ἀγωνίζομαι ag-o-nid'-zom-ahee Part of Speech: {V-PNI-1S} MLV/Definition: [PERSONAL]: struggles*, struggling*, fight^, fought*, fighting*, [5] Supplement: {Syn G75, G2872} (LIT: a contest for a prize.) Etymology: {G73} Greek Concordance: [7] Luk 13:24, Joh 18:36, 1Co 9:25, Col 1:29, Col 4:12, 1Ti 6:12, 2Ti 4:7, KJV: strive 3, fight 3, labour fervently 1 TR: 7 TDNT: 1:135,20

 $[\]div$ **G76** Åδάμ ad-am' Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Adam* Supplement: (The father of mankind.) (the red earth) Etymology: {H121} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [9] Luk 3:38, Rom 5:14, Rom 5:14, 1Co 15:22, 1Co 15:45, 1Co 15:45, 1Ti 2:13, 1Ti 2:14, Jud 1:14, KJV: Adam 9 TR: 9 TDNT: 1:141,21

[÷] G77 ἀδάπανος ad-ap'-an-os Part of Speech: {A- } MLV/Definition: without cost^ Supplement:

(free of charge) Etymology: {G1 + G1160} Greek Concordance: [1] 1Co 9:18, KJV: without charge 1 TR: 1

÷ **G78** Ἀδδί ad-dee' Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Addi* Supplement: (In Luke's genealogy of Jesus.) (ornament) Etymology: {Heb?} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [1] Luk 3:28, KJV: Addi 1 TR: 1

÷ G80 ἀδελφός ad-el-fos' Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: brother*, brothers*, brethren^ Supplement: (literal or figurative) Etymology: {G1 + |delfuV|, womb} All Compounds: G79, G81, G5360, G5361, G5569 Greek Concordance: [345] Mat 1:2, Mat 1:11, Mat 4:18, Mat 4:18, Mat 4:21, Mat 4:21, Mat 5:22, Mat 5:22, Mat 5:23, Mat 5:24, Mat 7:3, Mat 7:4, Mat 7:5, Mat 10:2, Mat 10:2, Mat 10:21, Mat 10:21, Mat 12:46, Mat 12:47, Mat 12:48, Mat 12:49, Mat 12:50, Mat 13:55, Mat 14:3, Mat 17:1, Mat 18:15, Mat 18:15, Mat 18:21, Mat 18:35, Mat 19:29, Mat 20:24, Mat 22:24, Mat 22:24, Mat 22:25, Mat 22:25, Mat 23:8, Mat 25:40, Mat 28:10, Mar 1:16, Mar 1:19, Mar 3:17, Mar 3:31, Mar 3:32, Mar 3:33, Mar 3:34, Mar 3:35, Mar 5:37, Mar 6:3, Mar 6:17, Mar 6:18, Mar 10:29, Mar 10:30, Mar 12:19, Mar 12:19, Mar 12:19, Mar 12:20, Mar 13:12, Mar 13:12, Luk 3:1, Luk 3:19, Luk 6:14, Luk 6:41, Luk 6:42, Luk 6:42, Luk 6:42, Luk 8:19, Luk 8:20, Luk 8:21, Luk 12:13, Luk 14:12, Luk 14:26, Luk 15:27, Luk 15:32, Luk 16:28, Luk 17:3, Luk 18:29, Luk 20:28, Luk 20:28, Luk 20:28, Luk 20:29, Luk 21:16, Luk 22:32, Joh 1:40, Joh 1:41, Joh 2:12, Joh 6:8, Joh 7:3, Joh 7:5, Joh 7:10, Joh 11:2, Joh 11:19, Joh 11:21, Joh 11:23, Joh 11:32, Joh 20:17, Joh 21:23, Act 1:14, Act 1:16, Act 2:29, Act 2:37, Act 3:17, Act 3:22, Act 6:3, Act 7:2, Act 7:13, Act 7:23, Act 7:25, Act 7:26, Act 7:37, Act 9:17, Act 9:30, Act 10:23, Act 11:1, Act 11:12, Act 11:29, Act 12:2, Act 12:17, Act 13:15, Act 13:26, Act 13:38, Act 14:2, Act 15:1, Act 15:3, Act 15:7, Act 15:13, Act 15:22, Act 15:23, Act 15:23, Act 15:32, Act 15:33, Act 15:36, Act 15:40, Act 16:2, Act 16:40, Act 17:6, Act 17:10, Act 17:14, Act 18:18, Act 18:27, Act 20:32, Act 21:7, Act 21:17, Act 21:20, Act 22:1, Act 22:5, Act 22:13, Act 23:1, Act 23:5, Act 23:6, Act 28:14, Act 28:15, Act 28:17, Act 28:21, Rom 1:13, Rom 7:1, Rom 7:4, Rom 8:12, Rom 8:29, Rom 9:3, Rom 10:1, Rom 11:25, Rom 12:1, Rom 14:10, Rom 14:10, Rom 14:13, Rom 14:15, Rom 14:21, Rom 15:14, Rom 15:15, Rom 15:30, Rom 16:14, Rom 16:17, Rom 16:23, 1Co 1:1, 1Co 1:10, 1Co 1:11, 1Co 1:26, 1Co 2:1, 1Co 3:1, 1Co 4:6, 1Co 5:11, 1Co 6:5, 1Co 6:6, 1Co 6:6, 1Co 6:8, 1Co 7:12, 1Co 7:15, 1Co 7:24, 1Co 7:29, 1Co 8:11, 1Co 8:12, 1Co 8:13, 1Co 8:13, 1Co 9:5, 1Co 10:1, 1Co 11:2, 1Co 11:33, 1Co 12:1, 1Co 14:6, 1Co 14:20, 1Co 14:26, 1Co 14:39, 1Co 15:1, 1Co 15:6, 1Co 15:50, 1Co 15:58, 1Co 16:11, 1Co 16:12, 1Co 16:12, 1Co 16:15, 1Co 16:20, 2Co 1:1, 2Co 1:8, 2Co 2:13, 2Co 8:1, 2Co 8:18, 2Co 8:22, 2Co 8:23, 2Co 9:3, 2Co 9:5, 2Co 11:9, 2Co 12:18, 2Co 13:11, Gal 1:2, Gal 1:11, Gal 1:19, Gal 3:15, Gal 4:12, Gal 4:28, Gal 4:31, Gal 5:11, Gal 5:13, Gal 6:1, Gal 6:18, Eph 6:10, Eph 6:21, Eph 6:23, Php 1:12, Php 1:14, Php 2:25, Php 3:1, Php 3:13, Php 3:17, Php 4:1, Php 4:8, Php 4:21, Col 1:1, Col 1:2, Col 4:7, Col 4:9, Col 4:15, 1Th 1:4, 1Th 2:1, 1Th 2:9, 1Th 2:14, 1Th 2:17, 1Th 3:2, 1Th 3:7, 1Th 4:1, 1Th 4:6, 1Th 4:10, 1Th 4:10, 1Th 4:13, 1Th 5:1, 1Th 5:4, 1Th 5:12, 1Th 5:14, 1Th 5:25, 1Th 5:26, 1Th 5:27, 2Th 1:3, 2Th 2:1, 2Th 2:13, 2Th 2:15, 2Th 3:1, 2Th 3:6, 2Th 3:6, 2Th 3:13, 2Th 3:15, 1Ti 4:6, 1Ti 5:1, 1Ti 6:2, 2Ti 4:21, Phm 1:1, Phm 1:7, Phm 1:16, Phm 1:20, Heb 2:11, Heb 2:12, Heb 2:17, Heb 3:1, Heb 3:12, Heb 7:5, Heb 8:11, Heb 10:19, Heb 13:22, Heb 13:23, Jas 1:2, Jas 1:9, Jas 1:16, Jas 1:19, Jas 2:1, Jas 2:5, Jas 2:14, Jas 2:15, Jas 3:1, Jas 3:10, Jas 3:12, Jas 4:11, Jas 4:11, Jas 4:11, Jas 5:7, Jas 5:9, Jas 5:10, Jas 5:12, Jas 5:19, 1Pe 5:12, 2Pe 1:10, 2Pe 3:15, 1Jn 2:7, 1Jn 2:9, 1Jn 2:10, 1Jn 2:11, 1Jn 3:10, 1Jn 3:12, 1Jn 3:12, 1Jn 3:13, 1Jn 3:14, 1Jn 3:14, 1Jn 3:15, 1Jn 3:16, 1Jn 3:17, 1Jn 4:20, 1Jn 4:20, 1Jn 4:21, 1Jn 5:16, 3Jn 1:3, 3Jn 1:5, 3Jn 1:10, Jud 1:1, Rev 1:9, Rev 6:11, Rev 12:10, Rev 19:10, Rev 22:9 KJV: brethren 226, brother 113, brother's 6, brother's way 1 TR: 346 TDNT: 1:144,22

÷ **G81** ἀδελφότης ad-el-fot'-ace Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: brotherhood* Supplement: (a fellowship) Etymology: {G80} Greek Concordance: [2] 1Pe 2:17, 1Pe 5:9, KJV: brotherhood 1, brethren 1 TR: 2 TDNT: 1:144,22

[÷] G79 ἀδελφή ad-el-fay' Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: sister*, sisters* Supplement: (literal or figurative) Etymology: {G80} Greek Concordance: [25] Mat 12:50, Mat 13:56, Mat 19:29, Mar 3:32, Mar 3:35, Mar 6:3, Mar 10:29, Mar 10:30, Luk 10:39, Luk 10:40, Luk 14:26, Joh 11:1, Joh 11:3, Joh 11:5, Joh 11:28, Joh 11:39, Joh 19:25, Act 23:16, Rom 16:1, Rom 16:15, 1Co 7:15, 1Co 9:5, 1Ti 5:2, Jas 2:15, 2Jn 1:13, KJV: sister 24 TR: 24 TDNT: 1:144,22

 \div **G82** ἄδηλος ad'-ay-los Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: indistinct* Supplement: (not evident) Etymology: {G1 + G1212} Greek Concordance: [2] Luk 11:44, 1Co 14:8, KJV: appear not 1, uncertain 1 TR: 2

- ÷ **G83** ἀδηλότης ad-ay-lot'-ace Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: uncertainty^ Supplement: (not evident) Etymology: {G82} Greek Concordance: [1] 1Ti 6:17, KJV: uncertain 1 TR: 1
- \div **G84** ἀδήλως ad-ay'-loce Part of Speech: {ADV} MLV/Definition: with uncertainty^ Supplement: (not evidently) Etymology: {G82} Greek Concordance: [1] 1Co 9:26, KJV: uncertainly 1 TR: 1
- ÷ **G85** ἀδημονέω ad-ay-mon-eh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: (be, was) + disheartened* Supplement: (in anxiety, troubled) Etymology: {derivative |adew|, to be sated to loathing} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [3] Mat 26:37, Mar 14:33, Php 2:26, KJV: be very heavy 2, be full of heaviness 1 TR: 3
- ÷ G86 ἄδης hah'-dace Part of Speech: {N-NSM-Loc} MLV/Definition: Hades* Supplement: {Syn G86, G1067, G5020, G5438; Tr-A} (Ha-des (not to be seen), Act 2:27. The common receptacle of disembodied spirits, where they await the resurrection of the body; the underworld to the Greeks.) Etymology: {G1 + G1492} Greek Concordance: [11] Mat 11:23, Mat 16:18, Luk 10:15, Luk 16:23, Act 2:27, Act 2:31, 1Co 15:55, Rev 1:18, Rev 6:8, Rev 20:13, Rev 20:14, KJV: hell 10, grave 1 TR: 11 TDNT: 1:146,22
- ÷ **G87** ἀδιάκριτος ad-ee-ak'-ree-tos Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: impartial* Supplement: (OR: unwavering, unshakable) Etymology: {G1 + G1252} Greek Concordance: [1] Jas 3:17, KJV: without partiality 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 3:950,469
- ÷ **G88** ἀδιάλειπτος ad-ee-al'-ipe-tos Part of Speech: {A- } MLV/Definition: constant* Supplement: (unceasing) Etymology: {G1 + G1223 + G3007} Greek Concordance: [2] Rom 9:2, 2Ti 1:3, KJV: continual 1, without ceasing 1 TR: 2
- ÷ **G89** ἀδιαλείπτως ad-ee-al-ipe'-toce Part of Speech: {ADV} MLV/Definition: constantly* Supplement: (unceasingly) Etymology: {G88} Greek Concordance: [4] Rom 1:9, 1Th 1:3, 1Th 2:13, 1Th 5:17, KJV: without ceasing 4 TR: 4
- ÷ **G90** ἀδιαφθορία ad-ee-af-thor-ee'-ah Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: integrity* Supplement: (purity (of doctrine)) Etymology: {G1 + G1223 + G5351, derivative Ant} Greek Concordance: [1] Tit 2:7, KJV: uncorruptness 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 9:103)
- ÷ **G91** ἀδικέω ad-ee-keh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: A> (do) wrong*, wronged*, wronging*, [31] B> hurt*, [10] Supplement: (do wrong, injure, cause distress) Etymology: {G94} Greek Concordance: [27] Mat 20:13, Luk 10:19, Act 7:24, Act 7:26, Act 7:27, Act 25:10, Act 25:11, 1Co 6:7, 1Co 6:8, 2Co 7:2, 2Co 7:12, 2Co 7:12, Gal 4:12, Col 3:25, Col 3:25, Phm 1:18, Rev 2:11, Rev 6:6, Rev 7:2, Rev 7:3, Rev 9:4, Rev 9:10, Rev 9:19, Rev 11:5, Rev 11:5, Rev 22:11, Rev 22:11, KJV: hurt 10, do wrong 8, wrong 2, suffer wrong 2, be unjust 2, take wrong 1, injure 1, be an offender 1, vr hope TR: 28 TDNT: 1:157,22
- ÷ **G92** ἀδίκημα ad-eek'-ay-mah Part of Speech: {N-NSN} MLV/Definition: wrongdoing* Supplement: (misdeed, crime) Etymology: {G91} Greek Concordance: [3] Act 18:14, Act 24:20, Rev 18:5, KJV: matter of wrong 1, evil doing 1, iniquity 1 TR: 3 TDNT: 1:161,22
- ÷ **G93** ἀδικία ad-ee-kee'-ah Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: unrighteousness* Supplement: (wickedness, injustice, wrongdoing) Etymology: {G94} Greek Concordance: [26] Mat 23:25, Luk 13:27, Luk 16:8, Luk 16:9, Luk 18:6, Joh 7:18, Act 1:18, Act 8:23, Rom 1:18, Rom 1:18, Rom 1:29, Rom 2:8, Rom 3:5, Rom 6:13, Rom 9:14, 1Co 13:6, 2Co 12:13, 2Th 2:10, 2Th 2:12, 2Ti 2:19, Heb 8:12, Jas 3:6, 2Pe 2:13, 2Pe 2:15, 1Jn 1:9, 1Jn 5:17, KJV: unrighteousness 16, iniquity 6, unjust 2, wrong 1

TR: 25 TDNT: 1:153,22

÷ **G93b** ἀδικοκρίτης ad'-ee-ko-kree-tace Part of Speech: {N-NSM} MLV/Definition: Supplement: (unjust judge) Etymology: {G94 + G2923} Greek Concordance: -- [MINORITY TEXT]

- ÷ **G94** ἄδικος ad'-ee-kos Part of Speech: {A- } MLV/Definition: unrighteous* Supplement: (unjust) Etymology: {G1 + G1349 Ant} Greek Concordance: [12] Mat 5:45, Luk 16:10, Luk 16:11, Luk 18:11, Act 24:15, Rom 3:5, 1Co 6:1, 1Co 6:9, Heb 6:10, 1Pe 3:18, 2Pe 2:9, KJV: unjust 8, unrighteous 4 TR: 12 TDNT: 1:149,22
- \div **G95** ἀδίκως ad-ee'-koce Part of Speech: {ADV} MLV/Definition: wrongfully* Supplement: (undeservedly, unjustly) Etymology: {G94} Greek Concordance: [1] 1Pe 2:19, KJV: wrongfully 1 TR: 1

÷ **G95b** ἀδμείν ad'-min Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Supplement: (Admin, son of Arni) Etymology: {Heb?} Greek Concordance: [0] [MINORITY TEXT] KJV: – TR: 0

- ÷ **G96** ἀδόκιμος ad-ok'-ee-mos Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: unapproved* Supplement: (not passing the test) Etymology: {G1 + G1384 Ant} Greek Concordance: [8] Rom 1:28, 1Co 9:27, 2Co 13:5, 2Co 13:6, 2Co 13:7, 2Ti 3:8, Tit 1:16, Heb 6:8, KJV: reprobate 6, castaway 1, rejected 1 TR: 8 TDNT: 2:255,181
- ÷ **G96b** ἀδμίν ad'-min Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Supplement: (Admin, son of Arni) Etymology: {Heb?} Greek Concordance: [0] [MINORITY TEXT] KJV: TR: 0
- ÷ **G96c** ἀδόκιμος ad'-ok-eem-os Part of Speech: {A- } MLV/Definition: Supplement: (unqualified) Etymology: {G1 + G1384} Greek Concordance: [0] [MINORITY TEXT] KJV: TR: 0
- \div **G97** ἄδολος ad'-ol-os Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: without treachery^ Supplement: {Syn G97, G172, G185, G573; B-3, Tr-56} (unadulterated, without deceit) Etymology: {G1 + G1388} Greek Concordance: [1] 1Pe 2:2, KJV: sincere 1 TR: 1
- ÷ **G98** Ἀδραμυττηνός ad-ram-oot-tay-nos' Part of Speech: {N-NSN-Loc} MLV/Definition: Adramyttium* Supplement: (A seaport in Mysia (n.w. Asia Minor) on the Aegean Sea. The body of water east of Greece and west of Turkey, and north of Crete..)(I shall abide in death) Etymology: {Adramutteion; a place in Asia Minor} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [1] Act 27:2, KJV: Adramyttium 1 TR: 1
- ÷ **G99** ἀδρίας ad-ree'-as Part of Speech: {N-NSM-Loc} MLV/Definition: Adriatic* [Sea] Supplement: (A-dri-at-ic, Act 27:27. The body of water west of Greece, and east of southern Italy and Sicily.) (without wood) Etymology: {Adria; a place near its shore} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [1] Act 27:27, KJV: Adria 1 TR: 1
- \div G100 ἀδρότης had-rot'-ace Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: lavish* donation* Supplement: (generous gift) Etymology: {|adpoV|, stout, plump} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [1] 2Co 8:20, KJV: abundance 1 TR: 1

÷ **G101** ἀδυνατέω ad-oo-nat-eh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: A> (will be) powerless^, [1] B> (will be) impossible^, [1] Supplement: (LIT: unable, disabled) Etymology: {G102} Greek Concordance: [2] Mat 17:20, Luk 1:37, KJV: be impossible 2 TR: 2 TDNT: 2:284,186

÷ G102 ἀδύνατος ad-oo'-nat-os Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: A> powerless^, [3] B> [PASSIVE]: impossible^, [7] Supplement: (Lit: unable) Etymology: {G1 + G1415 Ant} Greek Concordance: [10] Mat 19:26, Mar 10:27, Luk 18:27, Act 14:8, Rom 8:3, Rom 15:1, Heb 6:4, Heb 6:18, Heb 10:4, Heb 11:6, KJV: impossible 6, impotent 1, could not do 1, weak 1, not possible 1 TR: 10 TDNT: 2:284,186

 $[\]div$ G103 ἄδω ad'-o' Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: sing^^, singing^^ Supplement: {Syn G103, G5215, G5568, G5603; BL-5215, Th-5215, Tr-78} (Sing as in what you can do anywhere.) Etymology: {primary word} All Compounds: G5214, G5215, G5603? Greek Concordance: [5] Eph 5:19, Col 3:16, Rev 5:9, Rev 14:3, Rev 15:3, KJV: sing 5 TR: 5 TDNT: 1:163,24

[÷] G104 ἀεί ah-eye' Part of Speech: {ADV} MLV/Definition: habitually* Supplement: (regularly,

always) Etymology: {primary word} All Compounds: G126, G165 Greek Concordance: [8] Mar 15:8, Act 7:51, 2Co 4:11, 2Co 6:10, Tit 1:12, Heb 3:10, 1Pe 3:15, 2Pe 1:12, KJV: alway 4, always 3, ever 1 TR: 8

- ÷ G105 ἀετός ah-et-os' Part of Speech: {N-NSM} MLV/Definition: eagle*, vultures* Supplement: (Lit: a bird of prey.) Etymology: {primary word} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [5] Mat 24:28, Luk 17:37, Rev 4:7, Rev 8:13, Rev 12:14, KJV: eagle 4 TR: 4
- ÷ **G106** ἄζυμος ad'-zoo-mos Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: unleavened* Supplement: (without fermentation, yeast) Etymology: {G1 + G2219 Ant} Greek Concordance: [9] Mat 26:17, Mar 14:1, Mar 14:12, Luk 22:1, Luk 22:7, Act 12:3, Act 20:6, 1Co 5:7, 1Co 5:8, KJV: unleavened bread 8, unleavened 1 TR: 9 TDNT: 2:902,302
- ÷ **G107** Άζώρ ad-zore' Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Azor* Supplement: (Azor, in Jesus' genealogy.) (helper) Etymology: {Heb?} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [2] Mat 1:13, Mat 1:14, KJV: Azor 2 TR: 2
- ÷ G108 Ἄζωτος ad'-zo-tos Part of Speech: {N-NSF-Loc} MLV/Definition: Azotus* Supplement: (A-zot-us, Act 8:40. O.T. name: Ashdod. A Philistine city on the coast of South Palestine. A seacoast town north of Gaza.)(a stronghold) Etymology: {H795} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [1] Act 8:40, KJV: Azotus 1 TR: 1
- ÷ G108b ἀνδία an-dee-ah' Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: Supplement: (enmity, LIT: unpleasantness) Etymology: {} Greek Concordance: [0] [MINORITY TEXT] KJV: TR: 0
- ÷ **G109** ἀήρ ah-ayr' Part of Speech: {N-NSM} MLV/Definition: air* Supplement: (what we breathe) Etymology: {|ahmi|, or |aw|, to breathe; to blow} All Compounds: G416, G417, G822, G832, G834, G836; Unrelated: G105?, G839, G840?, G850?, G1887 Greek Concordance: [7] Act 22:23, 1Co 9:26, 1Co 14:9, Eph 2:2, 1Th 4:17, Rev 9:2, Rev 16:17, KJV: air 7 TR: 7 TDNT: 1:165,25
- ÷ **G110** ἀθανασία ath-an-as-ee'-ah Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: immortality* Supplement: (live forever) Etymology: {G1 + G2288} Greek Concordance: [3] 1Co 15:53, 1Co 15:54, 1Ti 6:16, KJV: immortality 3 TR: 3 TDNT: 3:22,312
- ÷ **G111** ἀθέμιτος ath-em'-ee-tos Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: illegal* Supplement: (unlawful) Etymology: {G1 + |qemiV|, custom; right} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [2] Act 10:28, 1Pe 4:3, KJV: unlawful thing 1, abominable 1 TR: 2 TDNT: 1:166,25
- \div G112 ἄθεος ath'-eh-os Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: godless* Supplement: (without God) Etymology: {G1 + G2316} Greek Concordance: [1] Eph 2:12, KJV: without God 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 3:120,322
- ÷ **G113** ἄθεσμος ath'-es-mos Part of Speech: {A- } MLV/Definition: [BY EXT]: immoral* Supplement: (2Pet) (lawless) Etymology: {G1 + |thesmos|, law; custom} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [2] 2Pe 2:7, 2Pe 3:17, KJV: wicked 2 TR: 2 TDNT: 1:167,25
- ÷ G114 ἀθετέω ath-et-eh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: A> reject*, rejects*, rejected*, rejecting*, [13] B> nullifies*, [2] Supplement: (set aside, declare invalid) Etymology: {G1 + G5087} Greek Concordance: [16] Mar 6:26, Mar 7:9, Luk 7:30, Luk 10:16, (4) Joh 12:48, 1Co 1:19, Gal 2:21, Gal 3:15, 1Th 4:8, (2) 1Ti 5:12, Heb 10:28, Jud 1:8, KJV: despise 8, reject 4, bring to nothing 1, frustrate 1, disannul 1, cast off 1 TR: 16 TDNT: 8:158,1176
- \div G115 ἀθέτησις ath-et'-ay-sis Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: nullifying* Supplement: (legal annulment) Etymology: {G114} Greek Concordance: [2] Heb 7:18, Heb 9:26, KJV: disannulling 1, to put away + 1519 1 TR: 2 TDNT: 8:158,1176
- ÷ G116 Ἀθῆναι ath-ay-nahee Part of Speech: {N-NSF-Loc} MLV/Definition: Athens^ Supplement: (Ath-ens, Act 17:21. The capital of Attica, a famous section of Greece, founded by Cecrops in 1556 B.C.)(uncertainty) Etymology: {plural of Athene. the goddess of wisdom; who was reputed to have founded the city} All Compounds: G117 Greek Concordance: [4] Act 17:15, Act 17:16, Act 18:1, 1Th 3:1, KJV: Athens 6 TR: 6
 - ÷ G117 Αθηναῖος ath-ay-nah'-yos Part of Speech: {A- -PR} MLV/Definition: from Athens^

Supplement: (residents of Athens) Etymology: {G116} Greek Concordance: [2] Act 17:21, Act 17:22, KJV: Athenians 1, of Athens 1 TR: 2

- ÷ **G118** ἀθλέω ath-leh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: contends^, contended^ Supplement: (compete in a contest) Etymology: {|aqloV|, public contest} All Compounds: G119, G4866 Greek Concordance: [2] 2Ti 2:5, (2) KJV: strive 2 TR: 2 TDNT: 1:167,25
- ÷ G119 ἄθλησις ath'-lay-sis Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: [FIG]: conflict* Supplement: (LIT: contest) Etymology: {G118} Greek Concordance: [1] Heb 10:32, KJV: fight 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:167,25

 \div G119b ἀθροίζω ath'-um-e-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: Supplement: (collect, gather) Etymology: {G1 + G2372} Greek Concordance: [0] [MINORITY TEXT] KJV: – TR: 0

- \div G120 ἀθυμέω ath-oo-meh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: discouraged* Supplement: (lose heart) Etymology: {G1 + G2372} Greek Concordance: [1] Col 3:21, KJV: be discouraged 1 TR: 1
- \div G121 ἄθωος ath'-o-os Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: innocent* Supplement: (guiltless) Etymology: {G1 + |qwh|, penalty} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [2] Mat 27:4, Mat 27:24, KJV: innocent 2 TR: 2
- ÷ **G122** αἴγειος ah'-ee-ghi-os Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: hides* Supplement: (skins) Etymology: {|aix|} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [1] Heb 11:37, KJV: goatskin + 1192 1 TR: 1
- \div G123 αἰγιαλός ahee-ghee-al-os' Part of Speech: {N-NSM} MLV/Definition: beach* Supplement: (shore) Etymology: {|aisow|, + G251 salt} Greek Concordance: [6] Mat 13:2, Mat 13:48, Joh 21:4, Act 21:5, Act 27:39, Act 27:40, KJV: shore 6 TR: 6
- ÷ **G124** Αἰγύπτιος ahee-goop'-tee-os Part of Speech: {A--PR} MLV/Definition: Egyptian*, Egyptians* Supplement: (residents from Egypt) Etymology: {G125} Greek Concordance: [5] Act 7:22, Act 7:24, Act 7:28, Act 21:38, Heb 11:29, KJV: Egyptian 3, Egyptians 2 TR: 5
- ÷ **G125** Αἴγυπτος ah'-ee-goop-tos Part of Speech: {N-NSF-Loc MLV/Definition: Egypt* Supplement: (Same as modern Egypt.)(double straits) Etymology: {unknown} All Compounds: G125 Greek Concordance: [24] Mat 2:13, Mat 2:14, Mat 2:15, Mat 2:19, Act 2:10, Act 7:9, Act 7:10, Act 7:11, Act 7:12, Act 7:15, Act 7:17, Act 7:34, Act 7:34, Act 7:36, Act 7:39, Act 7:40, Act 13:17, Heb 3:16, Heb 8:9, Heb 11:26, Heb 11:27, Jud 1:5, Rev 11:8, KJV: Egypt 24 TR: 24
- ÷ **G126** ἀΐδιος ah-id'-ee-os Part of Speech: {A-} MLV/Definition: eternal* Supplement: {Syn G126, G166; Th-0166, Tr-A, Eternal is an attribute of God; everlasting is ageless, forever, but can be God or man.) Etymology: {G104} Greek Concordance: [2] Rom 1:20, Jud 1:6, KJV: eternal 1, everlasting 1 TR: 2 TDNT: 1:168,25
- \div G127 αἰδώς ahee-doce' Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: [FIG]: modesty*, reverence* Supplement: {Syn G127, G152, G1791, G4997; B-5, Th-0127, Tr-19} {Syn G127, G4997; Tr-20} (a sense of shame) Etymology: {G1 + G1492?} Greek Concordance: [2] 1Ti 2:9, Heb 12:28, KJV: shamefacedness 1, reverence 1 TR: 2 TDNT: 1:169,26
- ÷ **G128** Aἰθίοψ ahee-thee'-ops Part of Speech: {N-PRI-Loc} MLV/Definition: Ethiopia* Supplement: (E-thi-o-pi-a, Act 8:27. A country in Africa, south of the Libyan desert. Same as modern Ethiopia.) black) Etymology: {|aiqw|, scorch + G5620a} Greek Concordance: [2] Act 8:27, Act 8:27, KJV: Ethiopian 2 TR: 2
- ÷ **G129** αἷμα hah'-ee-mah Part of Speech: {N-NSM} MLV/Definition: blood^, bloods* Supplement: (animal or human) Etymology: {unknown} All Compounds: G130, G131 Greek Concordance: [98] Mat 16:17, Mat 23:30, Mat 23:35, Mat 23:35, Mat 23:35, Mat 26:28, Mat 27:4, Mat 27:6, Mat 27:8, Mat 27:24, Mat 27:25, Mar 5:25, Mar 5:29, Mar 14:24, Luk 8:43, Luk 8:44, Luk 11:50, Luk 11:51, Luk 13:1, Luk 22:20, Luk 22:44, Joh 1:13, Joh 6:53, Joh 6:54, Joh 6:55, Joh 6:56,

Joh 19:34, Act 1:19, Act 2:19, Act 2:20, Act 5:28, Act 15:20, Act 15:29, Act 17:26, Act 18:6, Act 20:26, Act 20:28, Act 21:25, Act 22:20, Rom 3:15, Rom 3:25, Rom 5:9, 1Co 10:16, 1Co 11:25, 1Co 11:27, 1Co 15:50, Gal 1:16, Eph 1:7, Eph 2:13, Eph 6:12, Col 1:20, Heb 2:14, Heb 9:7, Heb 9:12, Heb 9:12, Heb 9:13, Heb 9:14, Heb 9:18, Heb 9:19, Heb 9:20, Heb 9:21, Heb 9:22, Heb 9:25, Heb 10:4, Heb 10:19, Heb 10:29, Heb 11:28, Heb 12:4, Heb 12:24, Heb 13:11, Heb 13:12, Heb 13:20, 1Pe 1:2, 1Pe 1:19, 1Jn 1:7, 1Jn 5:6, 1Jn 5:6, 1Jn 5:8, Rev 1:5, Rev 5:9, Rev 6:10, Rev 6:12, Rev 7:14, Rev 8:7, Rev 8:8, Rev 11:6, Rev 12:11, Rev 14:20, Rev 16:3, Rev 16:4, Rev 16:6, Rev 16:6, Rev 17:6, Rev 17:6, Rev 18:24, Rev 19:2, Rev 19:13, KJV: blood 99 TR: 99 TDNT: 1:172,26

- ÷ G130 αἰματεκχυσία hahee-mat-ek-khoo-see'-ah Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: shedding^ of blood^ Supplement: (pouring out) Etymology: {G129 + G1632 derivative} Greek Concordance: [1] Heb 9:22, KJV: shedding of blood 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:176,26
- \div G131 αἰμοἀράω hahee-mor-hreh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: (having had a) flow^ of blood^ Supplement: (hemorrhage) Etymology: {G129 + G4482} Greek Concordance: [1] Mat 9:20, KJV: diseased with an issue of blood 1 TR: 1
- ÷ **G132** Aiνέας ahee-neh'-as Part of Speech: {N-PRI-M} MLV/Definition: Aeneas* Supplement: (a paralytic cured by Peter)(laudable) Etymology: {unknown} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [2] Act 9:33, Act 9:34, KJV: Aeneas 2 TR: 2

÷ G133 αἴνεσις ah'-ee-nes-is Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: praising^ Supplement: (to glorify) Etymology: {G134} Greek Concordance: [1] Heb 13:15, KJV: praise 1 TR: 1

- ÷ G134 αἰνέω ahee-neh'-o Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: praise^, praising^, Supplement: (only used in the Bible to praise God) Etymology: {G136} Greek Concordance: [9] Luk 2:13, Luk 2:20, Luk 19:37, Luk 24:53, Act 2:47, Act 3:8, Act 3:9, Rom 15:11, Rev 19:5, KJV: praise 9 TR: 9 TDNT: 1:177.27
- ÷ **G135** αἴνιγμα ah'-ee-nig-ma Part of Speech: {N-NSN} MLV/Definition: dimly* Supplement: (LIT: 'in a riddle' 1Co 13:12, dimly) Etymology: {|ainissomai|} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [1] 1Co 13:12, KJV: darkly + 1722 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:178,27
- ÷ **G136** αἶνος ah'-ee-nos Part of Speech: {N-NSM} MLV/Definition: praise^ Supplement: (to glorify) Etymology: {primary word} All Compounds: G133, G134, G1867, G1868; unrelated: G3867 Greek Concordance: [2] Mat 21:16, Luk 18:43, KJV: praise 2 TR: 2 TDNT: 1:177,27
- ÷ G137 Aἰνών ahee-nohn' Part of Speech: {N-PRI-Loc} MLV/Definition: Aenon* Supplement: (place where John the Immerser was immersing)(springs) Etymology: {a derivative of H5869; place of springs} No compounds. Greek Concordance: [1] Joh 3:23, KJV: Aenon 1 TR: 1
- ÷ G137b ἄιζ iz Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: Supplement: (goat) Etymology: {} Greek Concordance: [0] [MINORITY TEXT] KJV: TR: 0
- ÷ G138 αἰρέομαι hahee-reh'-om-ahee Part of Speech: {V-PMI-1S} MLV/Definition: select*, selected* + for -self Supplement: {Syn G138 & G1209 & G2983 Str-2983} (choose for oneself) Etymology: {G142 middle voice} Greek Concordance: [3] Php 1:22, 2Th 2:13, Heb 11:25, KJV: choose 3 TR: 3 TDNT: 1:180,27
- ÷ G139 αἴρεσις hah'-ee-res-is Part of Speech: {N-NSF} MLV/Definition: sect*, sects* Supplement: {Syn G139, G4978; B-33, Tr-A} (dogma, faction, school of thought) Etymology: {G138} Greek Concordance: [9] Act 5:17, Act 15:5, Act 24:5, Act 24:14, Act 26:5, Act 28:22, 1Co 11:19, Gal 5:20, 2Pe 2:1, KJV: sect 5, heresy 4 TR: 9 TDNT: 1:180,27
- \div G140 αἰρετίζω hahee-ret-id'-zo Part of Speech: {V-PAI-1S} MLV/Definition: selected* Supplement: (chose, elect) Etymology: {derivative G138} Greek Concordance: [1] Mat 12:18, KJV: choose 1 TR: 1 TDNT: 1:184,27
- ÷ **G141** αἰρετικός hahee-ret-ee-kos' Part of Speech: {A- } MLV/Definition: sectarian* Supplement: (factious, heretical) Etymology: {derivative G138} Greek Concordance: [1] Tit 3:10,